

Quiz 05 – Solutions

1. Let $u(x) = 2 \sin(x) - 3 \cos(x)$ and $v(x) = x^2 + 1$. Then $u'(x) = 2 \cos(x) + 3 \sin(x)$ and $v'(x) = 2x$.

$$f'(x) = \frac{u'(x)v(x) - u(x)v'(x)}{(v(x))^2} = \frac{(2 \cos(x) + 3 \sin(x))(x^2 + 1) - (2 \sin(x) - 3 \cos(x))(2x)}{(x^2 + 1)^2}.$$

2.

$$g(x) = x^2 \cos(x)$$

First derivative:

$$g'(x) = 2x \cos(x) - x^2 \sin(x).$$

Second derivative:

$$g''(x) = 2 \cos(x) - 2x \sin(x) - 2x \sin(x) - x^2 \cos(x) = 2 \cos(x) - 4x \sin(x) - x^2 \cos(x).$$

3.

$$y = \sin(3x^2) - 4 \cos(x)$$

$$y' = \cos(3x^2) \cdot 6x + 4 \sin(x) = 6x \cos(3x^2) + 4 \sin(x).$$

4. Differentiate both sides:

$$2x + x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0.$$

Solve for $\frac{dy}{dx}$:

$$x \frac{dy}{dx} = -(2x + y) \quad \Rightarrow \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{2x + y}{x}.$$