Differential Equations

Thomas R. Cameron

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1 Daily Quiz

2 Key Topics

Today, we use the Laplace transform to solve several initial value problems of the form

$$ay'' + by' + cy = f(t), \ y(0) = y_0, \ y(0) = y'_0,$$
(1)

where f(t) is piecewise continuous and exponentially bounded. For further reading, see [1, Sections 8.3 and 8.5].

Let Y(s) denote the Laplace transform of y(t) and F(s) denote the Laplace transform of f(t). Then, we can transform (1) to the following form

$$Y(s) (as^{2} + bs + c) = F(s) + (as + b)y(0) + ay'(0).$$

Therefore, we can solve for Y(s). If we can find $y(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1}(Y(s))$, then we have found the unique solution to (1).

3 Exercises

Use the Laplace transform to solve the following initial value problems.

1.
$$y'' + 4y = 3\sin(t), \ y(0) = 1, \ y'(0) = -1.$$

2. $y'' - 2y' = \begin{cases} 4 & 0 \le t < 1 \\ 6 & t \ge 1 \end{cases}, \ y(0) = -6, \ y'(0) = 1$
3. $y'' + 2y' + 2y = \begin{cases} \cos(t) & 0 \le t < \pi \\ 0 & t \ge \pi \end{cases}, \ y(0) = 1, \ y'(0) = 1 \end{cases}$

References

[1] W. TRENCH, *Elementary Differential Equations with Boundary Value Problems*, Creative Commons Attribution-Noncommercial-Share Alike, 1st ed., 2013.